SEMI-PROCESSING OF TOMATOES

Semi-processing of tomatoes refers to the production of a partially processed stable tomato pulp which can be stored for further processing later in the season, or sold onto processors for further processing into a number of tomato-based products. The technical brief on tomato processing includes ideas and recipes for the use of tomato pulp.

Flow diagram

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<td>Sorting table</td>
<td>Weigh</td>
<td>Reject poor quality and weigh</td>
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<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>Wash</td>
<td>Keep the good quality tomatoes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mechanical pulper</td>
<td>Pulp</td>
<td>Reject seeds &amp; skins and weigh</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH meter/litmus paper</td>
<td>Check Acidity pH = &lt;4.5</td>
<td>Add citric acid if necessary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refractometer</td>
<td>Check Solids</td>
<td>Total soluble solids = 5.0°Brix - 8.0°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industrial gas cooker</td>
<td>Heat</td>
<td>Temperature = 90°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clean food grade plastic drums, bottles</td>
<td>Fill</td>
<td>Pour hot juice into drums</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium metabisulphite</td>
<td>Add preservative</td>
<td>approximately 700ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Seal drums</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Dispatch</td>
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</table>
The advantages of semi-processing tomatoes are as follows:

- The pulp can be produced when there is a glut of tomatoes and processed later in the season, thus spreading the processing season throughout the year.
- If tomato pulp is sold on for further processing, it cuts out the need for packaging materials such as glass bottles and jars and for bottling equipment.

The details in this technical brief are based on the experience of a farmers group in Sri Lanka who process the tomato pulp and sell it on to a processor for further processing (contact Practical Action Sri Lanka for further details). The procedure can be varied to suit local conditions, but the quality control points must be adhered to to ensure a high quality product.

Quality Assurance guidance notes

Acceptance
Farmers deliver the tomatoes to the processing unit between 3.00 and 5.00pm on a daily basis. Processing takes place up to about 12.00 midnight everyday during the season. If there are messages that need to be conveyed (minimum, maximum of supply, changes in working hours etc.) to the farmers (suppliers) these messages are put up on a notice board at the delivery point, so that the person who delivers tomatoes can take the message back. Farmers are not allowed inside the processing area.

The farmers are asked to supply fully ripe tomatoes which cannot be sold as fresh tomatoes. Tomatoes of any shape, size and variety and without split skins are accepted. Bruised tomatoes are accepted provided that the skin is fully intact. The farmers, who are members of the society, have been given thorough instructions and they have agreed upon the quality of the raw material. Farmers understand that bringing unsuitable fruit will increase the production cost. They bring the tomatoes packed in boxes.

Weighing
The tomatoes are accepted through a half door, weighed and a receipt given to the farmer which indicates the weight of the tomatoes (minus the individual rejects of the previous day). The farmers have requested that the seeds extracted from a previous days production are returned to them for preservation for use in next season.

Sorting
Sorting is done by putting tomatoes onto a sorting table which has a slight gradient at one end. The good quality tomatoes gently roll into a basin of water and the rejected tomatoes (spoil, damaged with broken skins) are collected and weighed. Each delivery is sorted separately to identify accepts/rejects for each farmer.

Washing
The good quality tomatoes are thoroughly washed in clean water to ensure they are free of soil and other foreign matter.

Pulping
The clean tomatoes are fed into an electrically driven mechanical pulper with a 1-1.5 HP motor. This separates the juice from seeds and skins. The tomatoes are rubbed against a perforated drum by two brushes which are fixed to the central shaft driven directly by the motor. The juice passes through the perforated drum into the outer stationary drum and is collected through an outlet. The remaining seeds and skins are pushed out through an outlet connected to the inner perforated drum.

Acidity
The acidity of the juice is checked to ensure that it is below pH 4.5. If it is higher than pH 4.5, citric acid is added until the desired acidity is achieved.
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Solids
The total soluble solids content (TSS) of the juice is measured. It should be a minimum of 5°Brix and is usually about 6-7°Brix. If it is lower than 5°Brix, the juice can be mixed with juice recovered from tomato which has a higher Brix value. It should be noted that the refractometer should only be used with juice at ambient temperature. Juice at high temperatures will give an incorrect reading.

Heating
The juice is heated in a large stainless steel pan to 90°C, for about 45 minutes, using an industrial gas stove.

Filling
The hot juice is poured into clean, food grade, plastic drums. Just before use the drums should be thoroughly washed with clean water. It is recommended to use boiling water or, ideally, 35% hydrogen peroxide solution for the final rinse. Cleaned, empty drums should be stored upside down on racks.

Preservative
Preservative (700ppm) of either sodium or potassium metabisulphite is added to the drum of pulp and the drum is quickly sealed. The metabisulphite is mixed by shaking the barrels after sealing.

Sealing
The drums should be sealed as quickly as possible to minimise the loss of the preservative. As the juice cools down, if there is a good seal, a slight vacuum will be formed. This helps with preservation of the pulp.

Storage
The sealed drums must be carefully moved and stored in a clean space at ambient temperature (25-30°C). Care should be taken not to damage the seal while moving the drums. If the seal is broken the levels of sulphur dioxide will start to decrease and there will be no vacuum. This will cause the juice to ferment and be unacceptable for the consumer and for further processing.

Dispatch
The price per litre of tomato juice is negotiated with the buyers. The drums are transported in a lorry from the processing unit. Members are paid for the supply of tomatoes. The profits left after covering the costs are divided according to the quantity of tomatoes supplied by each member. These are then deposited into individual bank accounts at the Regional Rural Bank in Matale.

References and further reading
- *Tomato Processing*, Practical Action Technical Brief
- *Starting a Small Food Processing Enterprise* by Peter Fellows, Ernesto Franco & Walter Rios, Practical Action Publishing/CTA 1996
Equipment suppliers
Note: This is a selective list of suppliers and does not imply endorsement Practical Action.

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